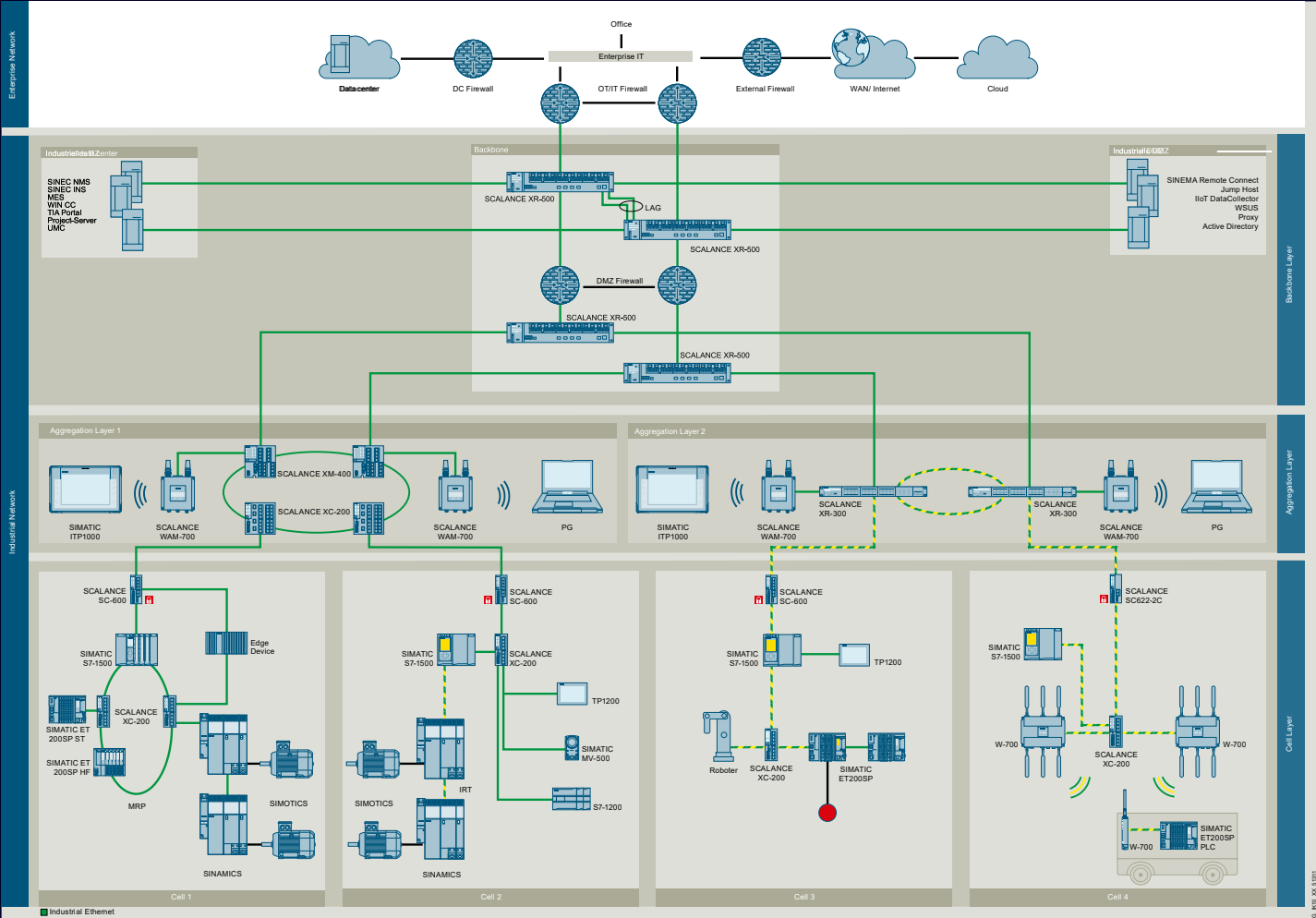


Network concept for Factory Automation

Proven, secure and reliable network design as foundation
for a successful production

Network concept for Factory Automation

Foundation for successful production



Proven, secure and reliable network design

Challenge
 Digitalization and the growing networking of machines and industrial systems also entail an increasing complexity of industrial networks. OT-, IT-, data lake, cloud and production systems all have their individual requirements to networks. To meet all these requirements, also considering security, safety, availability, transparency and performance, networks have to be designed specifically for those use cases.

Solution
 In this implementation of a network concept for factory automation, a cell protection concept is recommended. This network concept shows an example of how to set up an industrial network based on customer use cases. (more information s. [SIOS](#))

- Value**
- Creating a structured and reliable network that meets the communication demands of both OT and IT
 - Easy adaption thanks to prepared configuration examples

Products & Services
 TIA Portal V18 – S7 CPUs – HMI panels
 – SCALANCE X/S/W – Edge – SINEC – Network consulting

Agenda



- 1** Overview network concept for Factory Automation
- 2** Details network zones
- 3** Topic – Solution for cells
- 4** Topic – OT vs. IT networks
- 5** Topic – Machine to machine communication
- 6** Topic – Remote access (e.g., service)

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1 Overview network concept for Factory Automation

2 Details network zones

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6 Topic – Remote access (e.g., service)

Overview network concept for Factory Automation

Contents of the network concept

02 | Solution details

[2.1 | Overview of layer 2](#)

[2.2 | Overview of layer 3](#)

[2.3 | Network structure in the cell level](#)

[2.4 | Network structure in the aggregation level](#)

[2.5 | Network structure in the backbone level](#)

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03 | Technical topics

[3.1 | Visualization](#)

[3.2 | Network management](#)

[3.3 | Engineering and configuration with TIA Portal](#)

[3.4 | Update management](#)

[3.5 | Virtualization](#)

[3.6 | User management](#)

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[3.8 | Safety-related communication](#)

[3.9 | M2M communication](#)

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[3.11 | Certificate management](#)

[3.12 | Security](#)

[3.13 | WLAN](#)

[3.14 | Edge computing](#)

04 | Use cases

[4.1 | Backup restore](#)

[4.2 | Remote access](#)

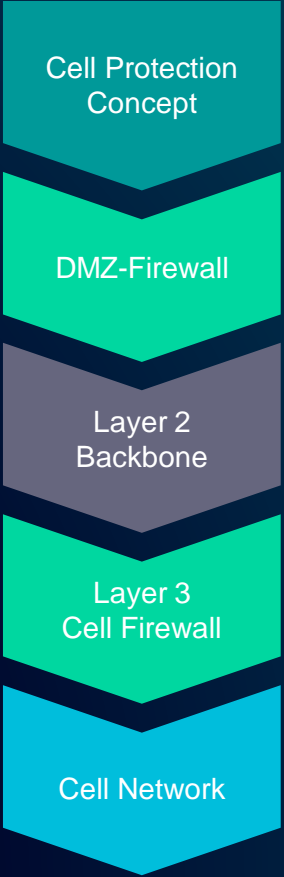
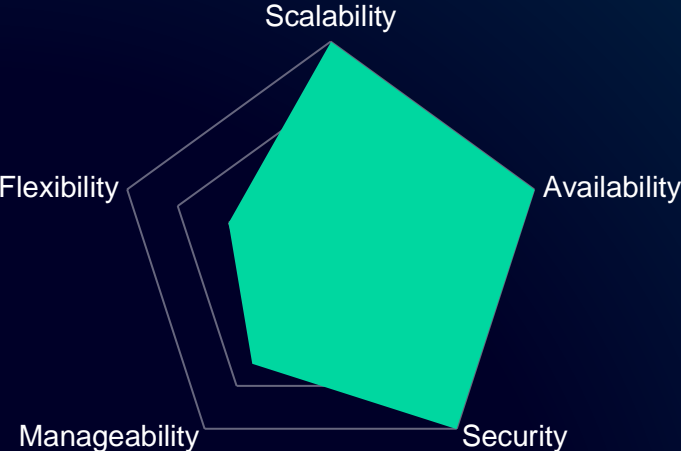
[4.3 | Connecting serial machines](#)

Overview network concept

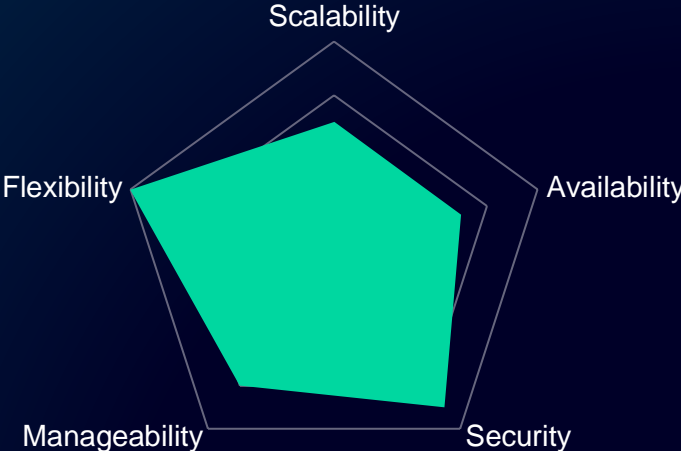
Design considerations

Best practice in OT

Chosen for the network concept for Factory Automation

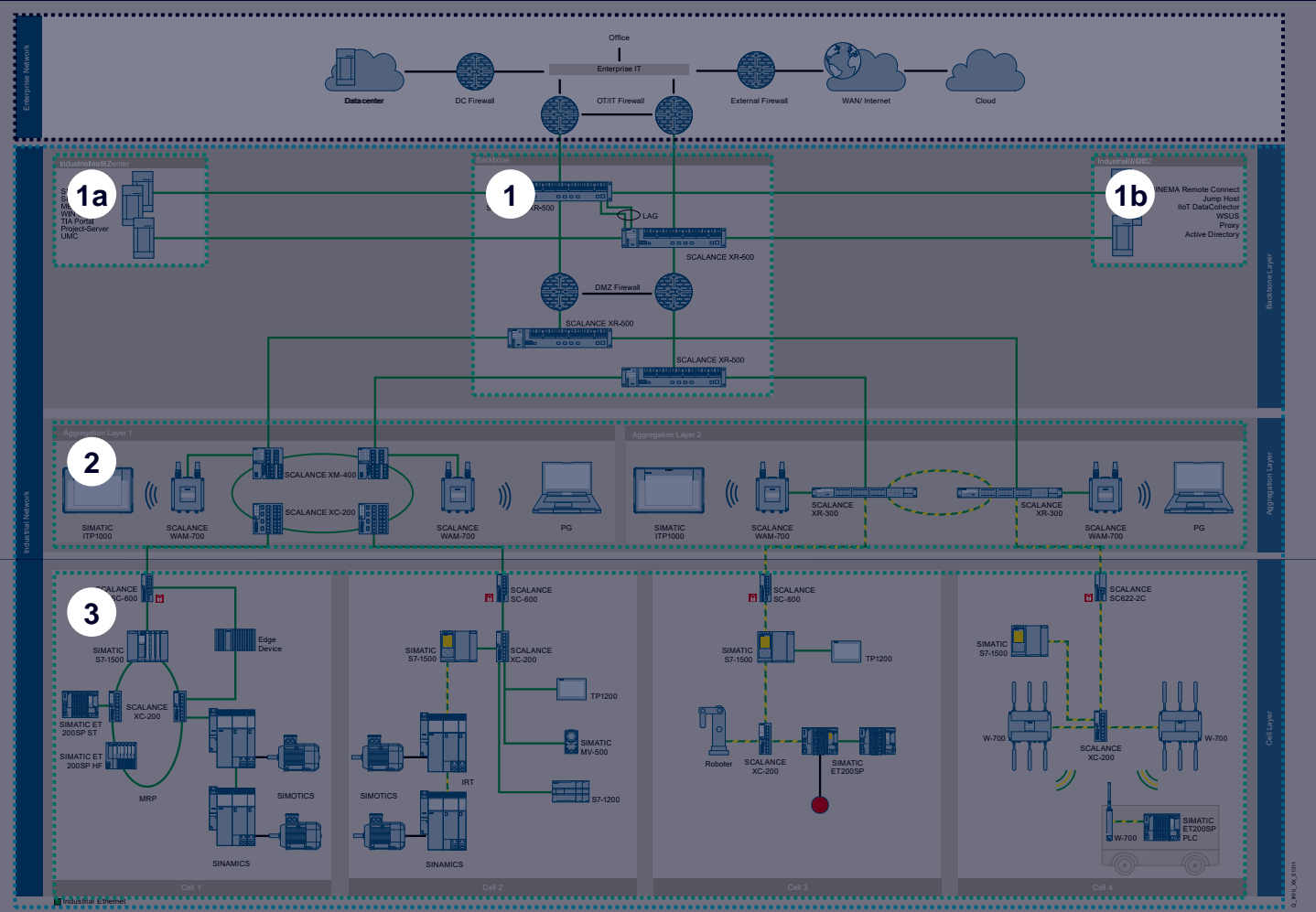


Commonly used by IT



Overview network concept for Factory Automation

Network zones – Layer 2



Enterprise network – globally connected company solutions and systems

Industrial network – plant network

1 Backbone – central plant network connecting IT IDC & IDMZ to the OT network

1a Industrial data center (IDC)

1b Industrial Demilitarized Zone (IDMZ)

2 Aggregation – cumulating cells and possibility of added functionality

3 Cell network – one machine or functional group of the production in one cell



Agenda



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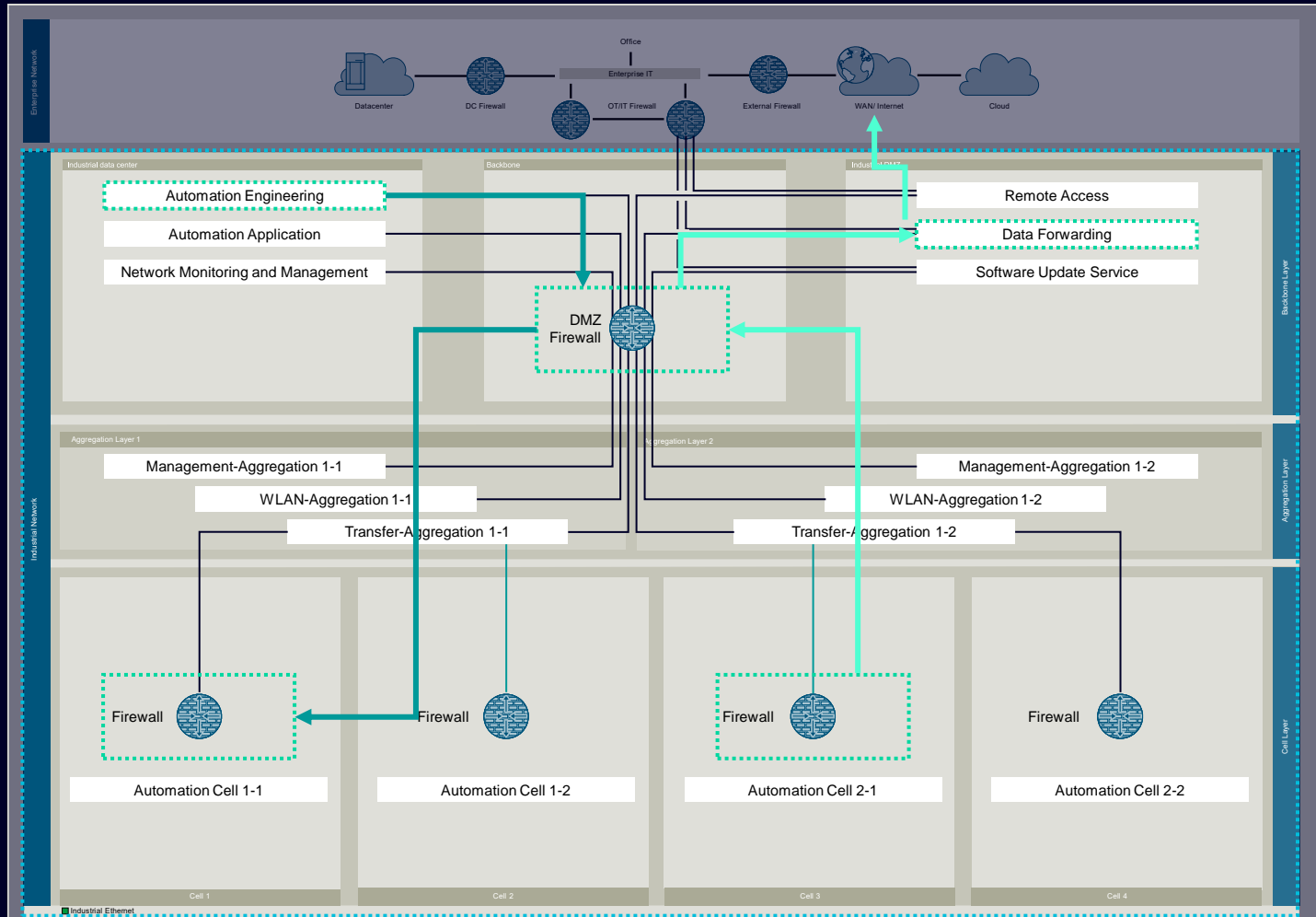
Topic – Machine to machine communication

6

Topic – Remote access (e.g., service)

Overview network concept for Factory Automation

Network zones – Layer 3 – logical network

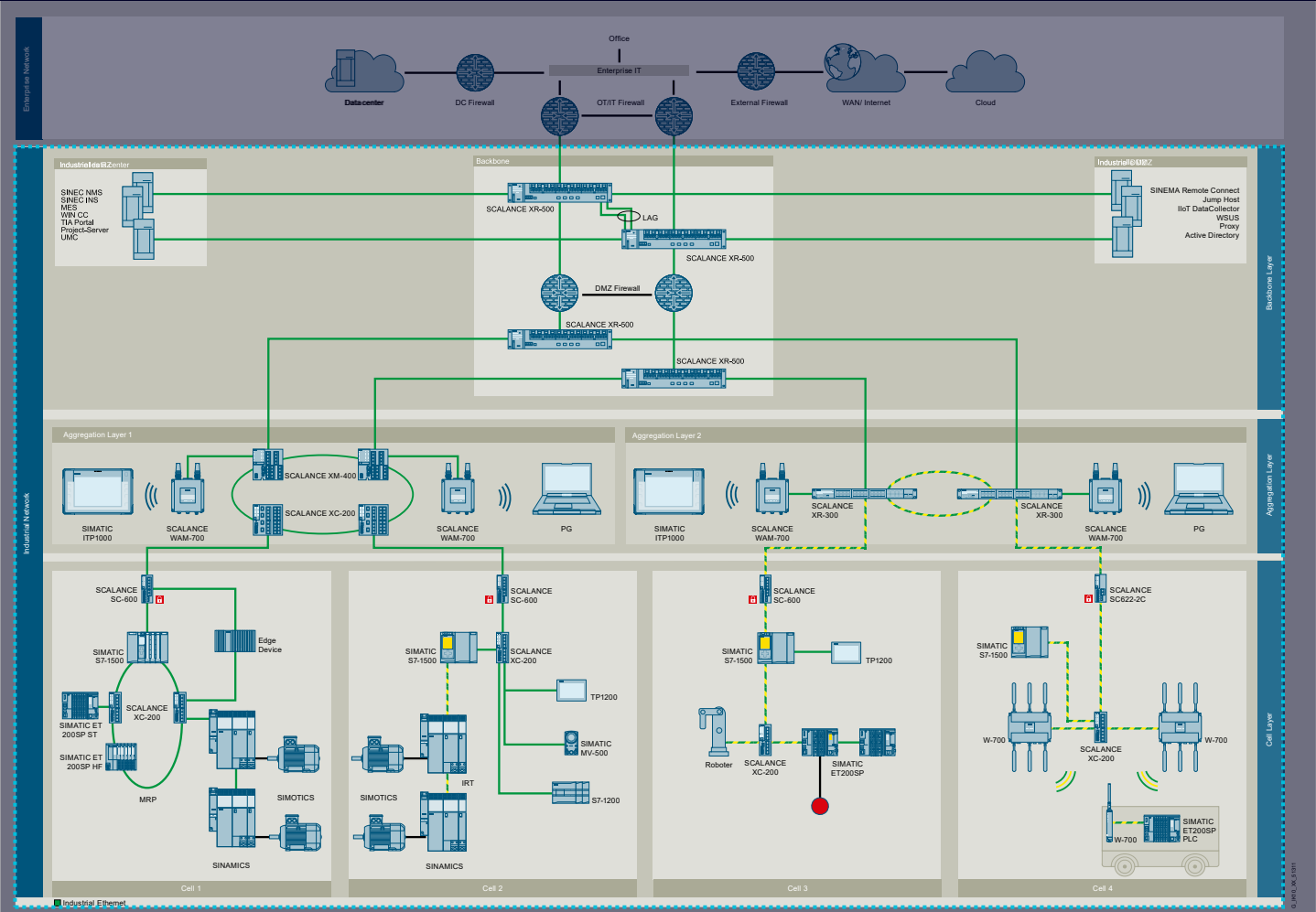


Logical network

- The network is separated in different zones for specific applications based on VLANs
- Each zone is perimeter protected by firewalls which are also responsible for general routing
- Communication between zones is possible across the firewalls and has to be explicitly allowed (e.g., PLC-Download)
- All external communication is required to be transferred across systems located in the IDMZ (e.g., Internet access)

Overview network concept for Factory Automation

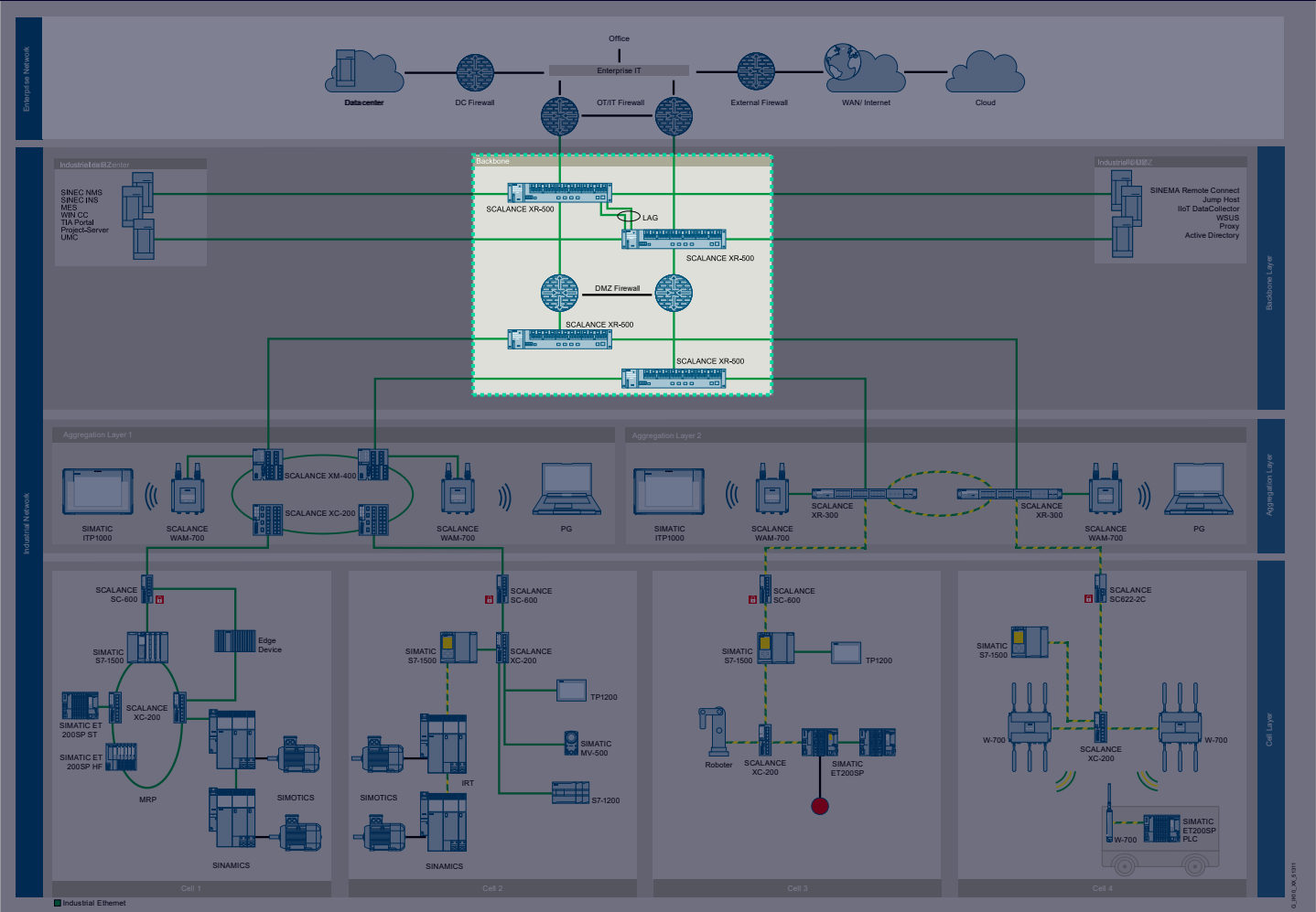
Industrial network



Industrial network

- Builds the basis for all production relevant communication needs of the customer
- Is physically separated from the enterprise network to comply with IEC 62443 (SL2) because of security
- Has a defined and controlled handover point to the enterprise network
- Is in responsibility of OT while aligned with IT operations

Overview network concept for Factory Automation Backbone layer

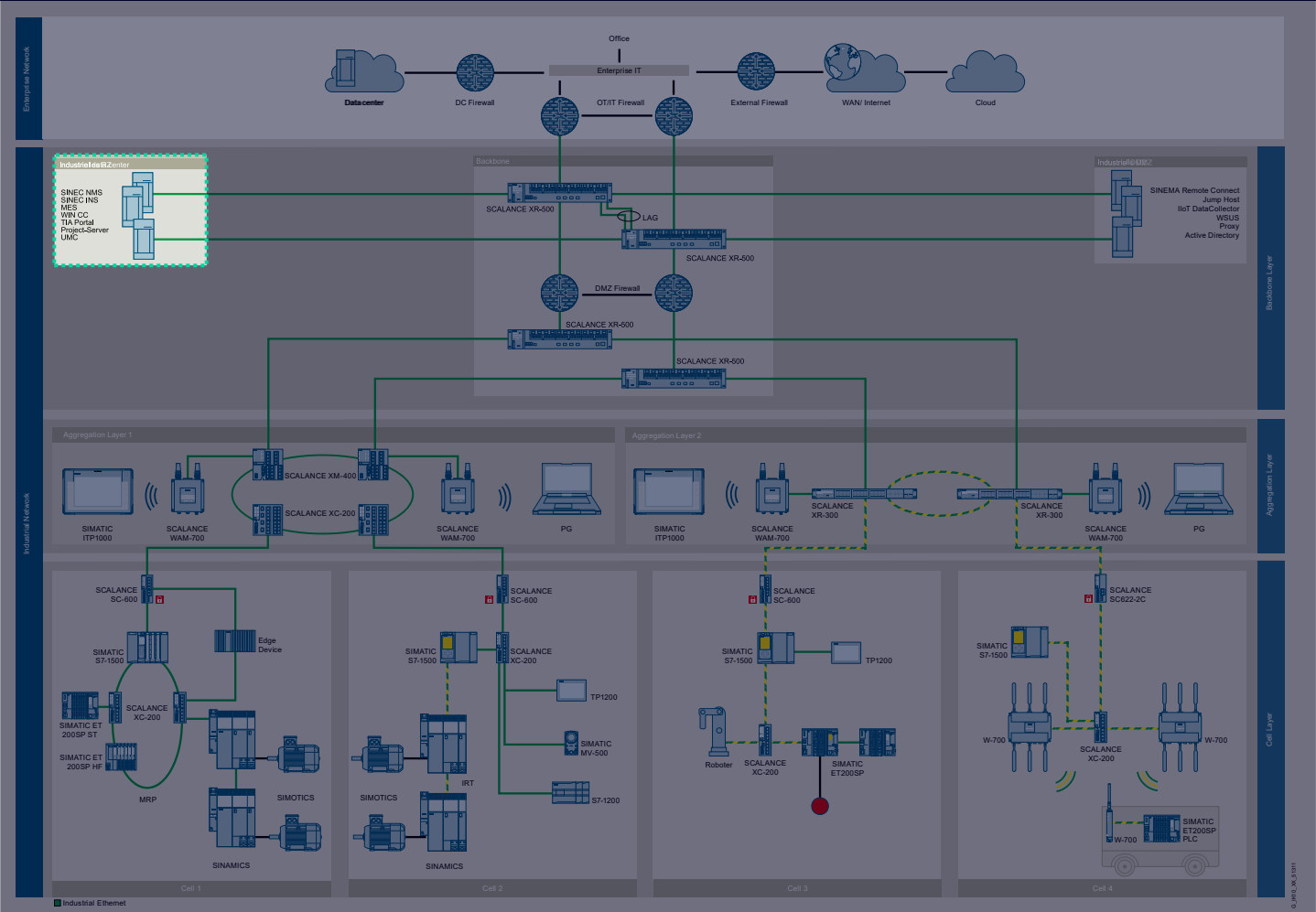


Backbone layer

- Provides connectivity between enterprise network, IDMZ, IDC and aggregation layer
- Is build based on network and firewall devices with high availability features and redundancy protocols
- Network security zones are implemented based on VLANs where the access is controlled by firewall policies

Overview network concept for Factory Automation

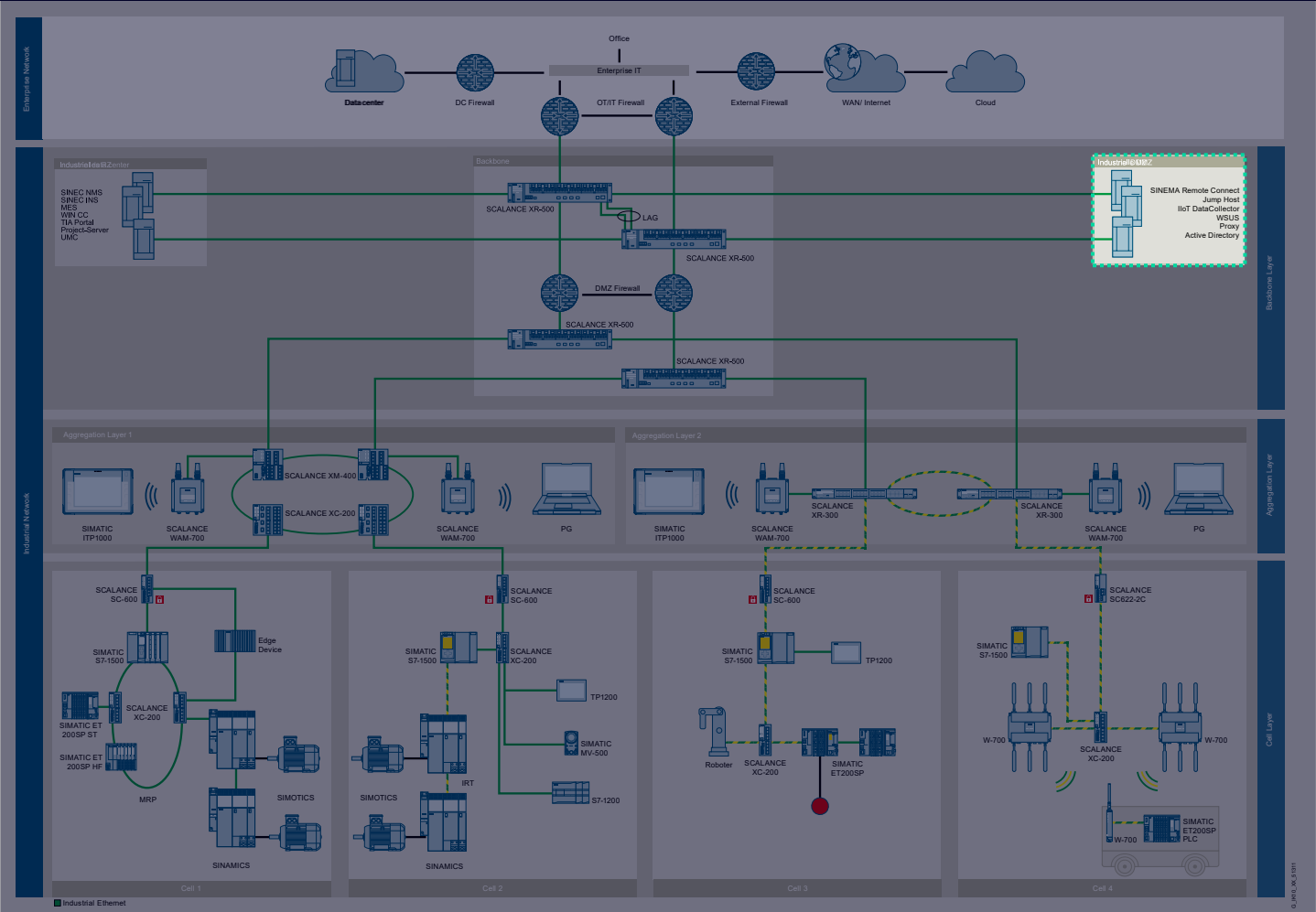
Industrial data center



Industrial data center

- Secured network zones where production relevant applications are located
- Contains Automation tools like TIA portal, WinCC, EDGE Management and the MES system
- Hosts Network Management and Service Tools like SINEC NMS and SINEC INS
- Communication is mainly internal and directed across backbone and aggregation into the cells/machines

Overview network concept for Factory Automation Industrial DMZ

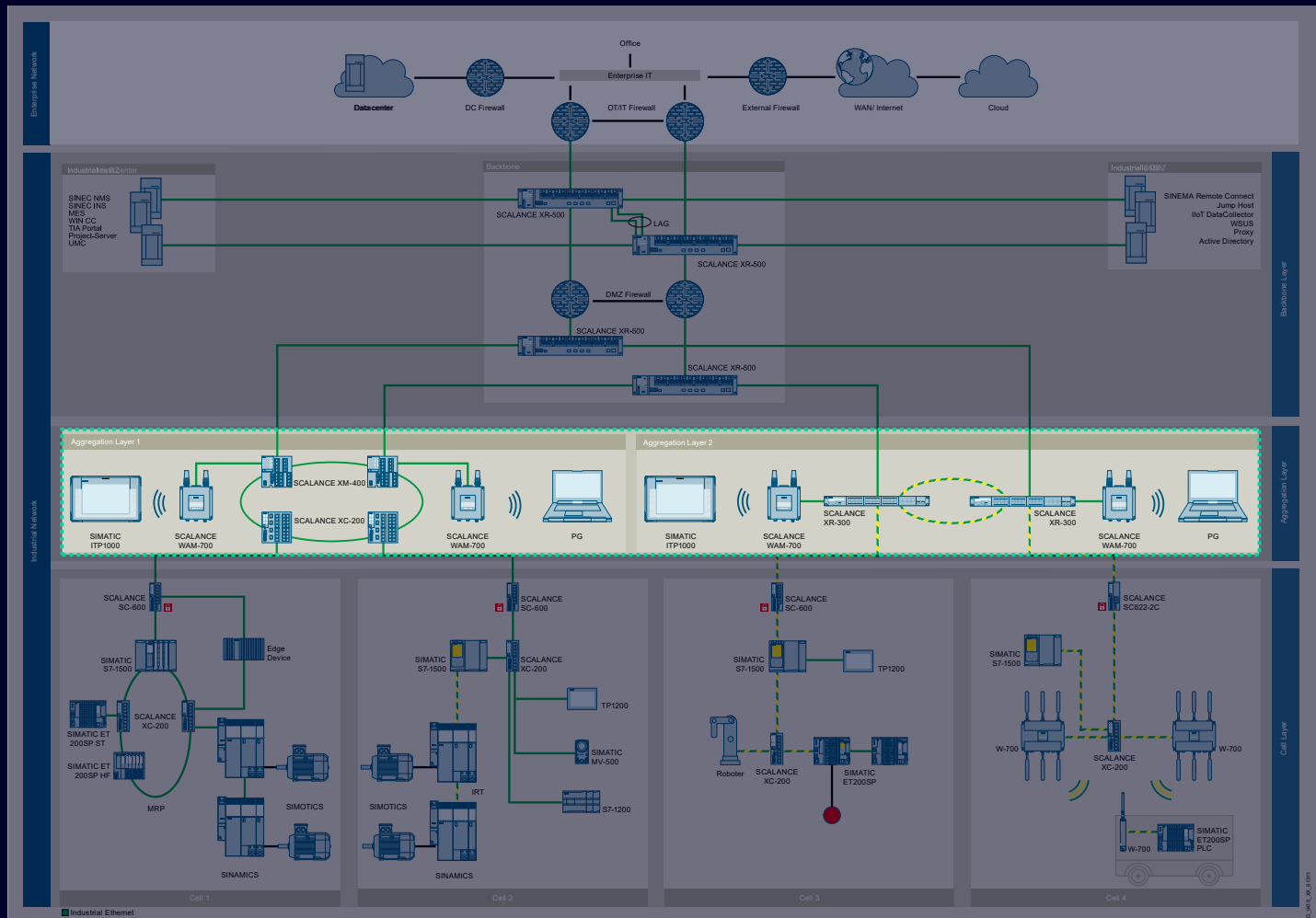


Industrial DMZ

- Secured network zones where applications and systems are located for incoming/outgoing communication
- SINEMA Remote Connect for Remote Access with Jump Host for Internal and External users
- WSUS for getting Windows up to date, Proxy for general internet access if required
- Active Directory for authentication and authorization purposes especially but not only with windows

Overview network concept for Factory Automation

Aggregation layer



Aggregation layer

- Provides connectivity between backbone layer and cell layer
- Secured network zones where applications and systems are located for the shopfloor (e.g., Industrial WLAN)
- Depending on the factory size aggregation can be integrated into a single backbone layer

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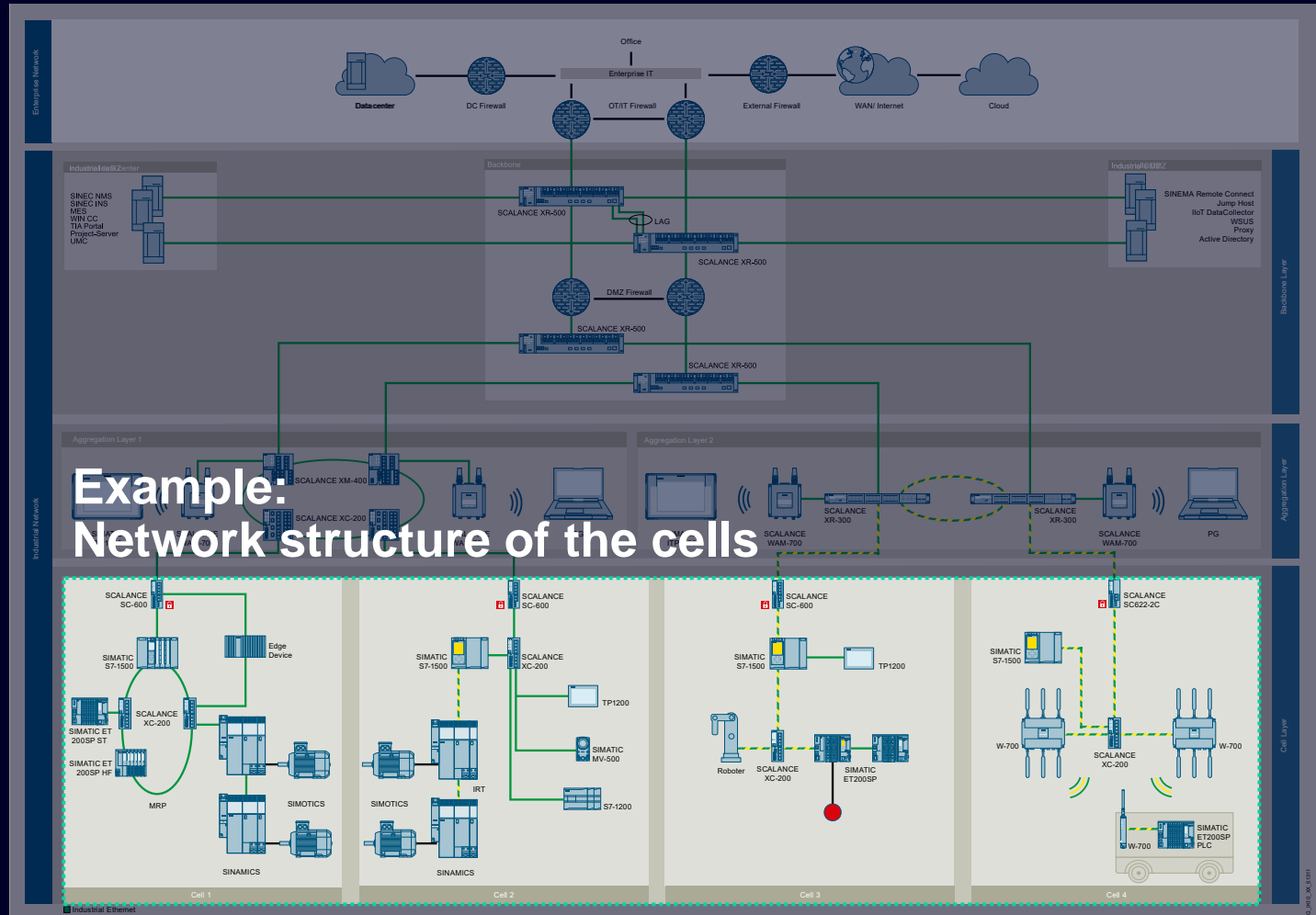
Topic – Machine to machine communication

6

Topic – Remote Access (e.g., Service)

Network structure in the cell level

Overview of example solutions for cell level



Cells – Where the production takes place

Machines or functional groups:

- Realtime communication is necessary: PROFINET RT/IRT
- Safety-based applications are common
- Environmental conditions may be rough

Networks are simple and usually based on star, tree or line topologies, while redundancy can be reached with rings and special protocols

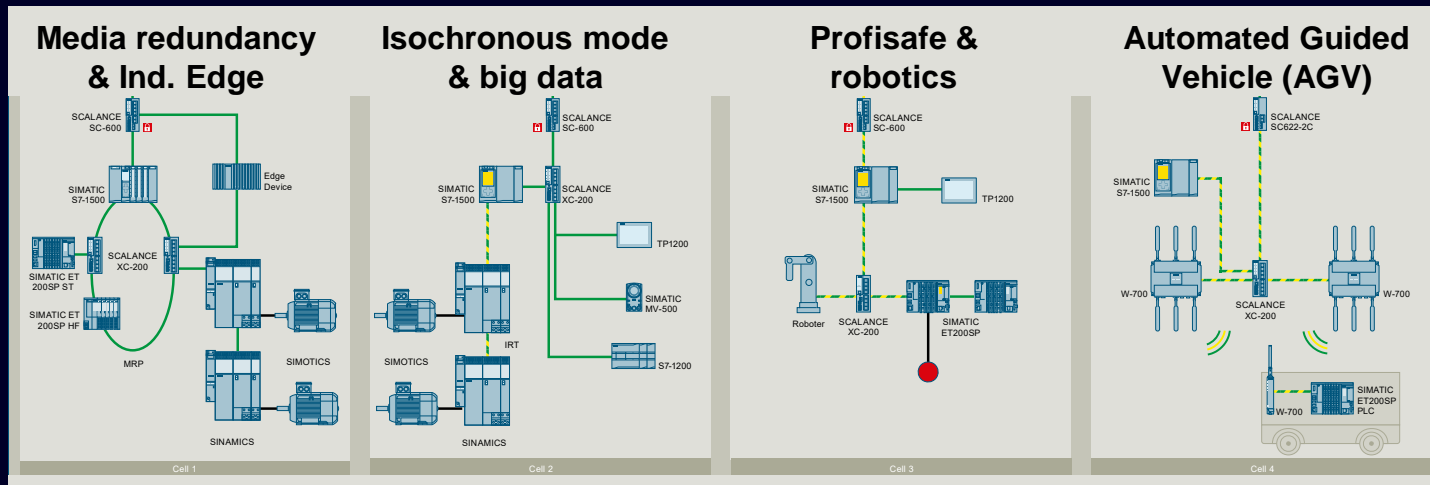
Connections to external networks can be done through PLC or a dedicated network device

Network structure in the cell level

Overview of example solutions for cell level

Example:

Network structure of the cells



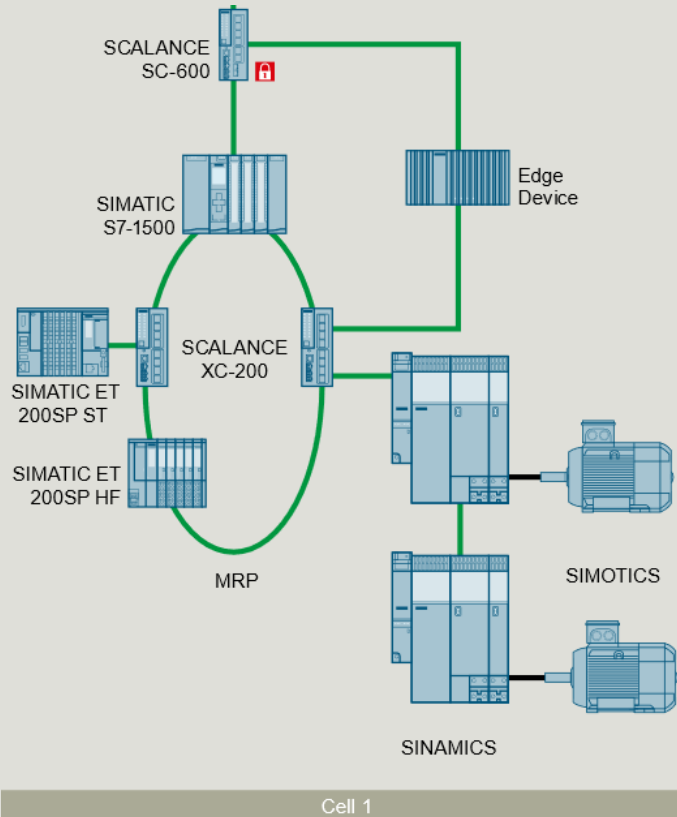
Cells – Where the production takes place

- **Use case-based cells:**
Detailed description for each use case-based cell
- Requirements of the cells on the network
 - Explicit proposals for implementation based on “real” models
 - Document internal/external links for further information

Network structure in the cell level

Cell 1: Media redundancy & Industrial Edge

Media redundancy & Industrial Edge



Availability

- Media Redundancy Protocol (MRP) via PROFINET
- Ring topology connecting controller and capable switches
- PROFINET stubs connecting non-MRP-capable device

Reachability of cell controller and field devices

- Industrial Edge Device
- Interface between lower-level machine data and higher-level plant management



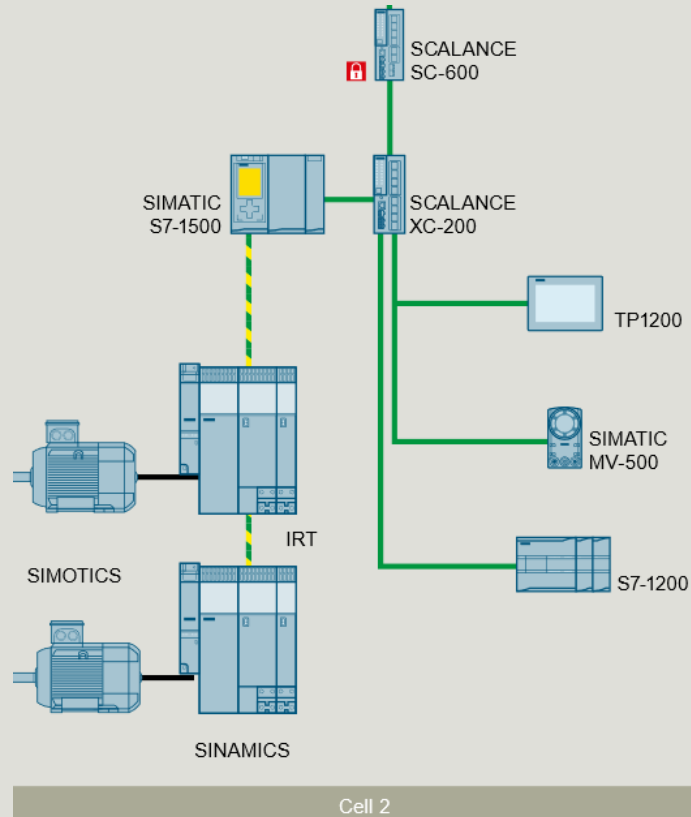
Side facts MRP

- Max. 50 devices
- Reconfiguration time less than 200 ms
- Supports PROFINET RT
- PROFINET IRT is possible with MRPD extension

Network structure in the cell level

Cell 2: Isochronous Mode & Big Data

Isochronous Mode & Big Data



Realtime communication

- PROFINET Isochronous Realtime IO Communication (IRT)
- Use case: motion applications

Big Data

- Gigabit-capable switch
- Reliable handling of high data rates
- Use case: Detailed video streams



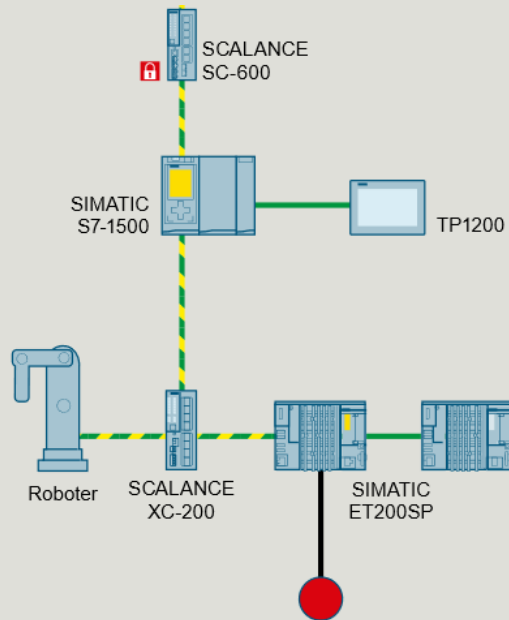
Side facts IRT

- Linear topology
- Devices must be in the same sync domain
- Design process must consider:
Network bandwidth, send clock, cable length, application cycle
- Separation of Big Data devices from RT network

Network structure in the cell level

Cell 3: PROFIsafe & Robotics

PROFIsafe & Robotics



Safety

- Correctness & up-to-dateness of data
- Timely delivering of data
- Assurance of the correct receiver
- Crossing cell/subnet boundaries is enabled by flexible F-Link via Open User Communication between CPUs

Robotics

- PROFINET requirements need to be met by robot, e.g. I/O-update cycle
- Installation & maintenance is typically done via local interface
→ Should be considered during cell design process



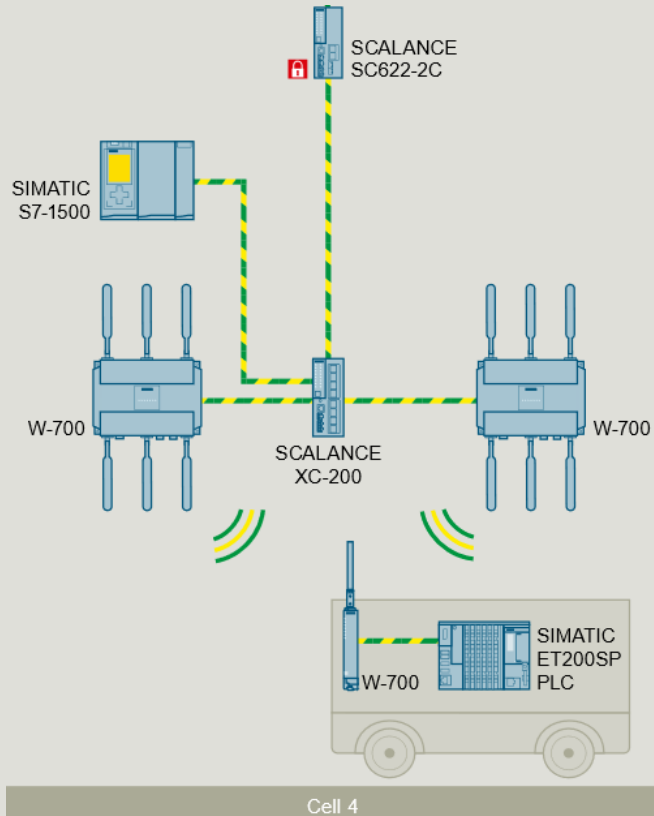
Side facts SAFETY

- Unique PROFIsafe addresses due to layer 2 separation
- Communication between cells over Flexible F-Link

Network structure in the cell level

Cell 4: Automated Guided Vehicle (AGV)

Automated Guided Vehicle



Mobile automation solution

- Industrial Wireless Local Area Network (IWLAN) & PROFI-safe working together
- Automated Guided Vehicle (AGV) with independent onboard safety functions
- Safety-focused communication to central control unit
- Unique addresses of PROFI-safe devices on cell level are crucial for safe functionality

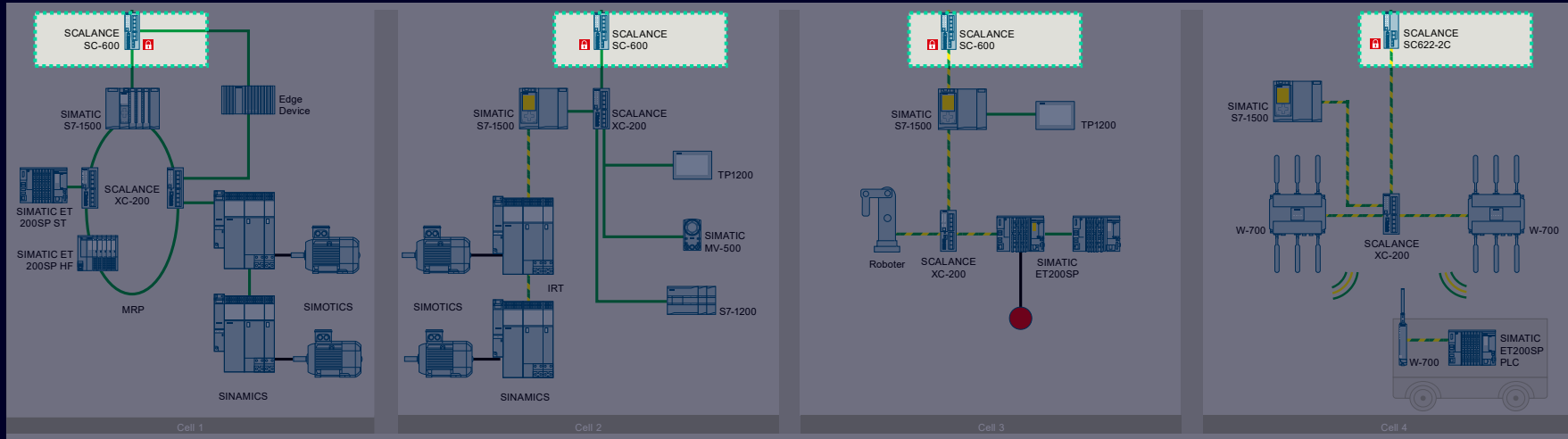


Side facts

- Layer 2 separation via SCALANCE SC622-2C
- SCALANCE SC626-2C with 6 ports for more flexibility
- RT & PROFI-safe also over wireless networks
- Wi-Fi 6 and low power consumption

Network structure in the cell level

Cell access through dedicated firewall



Contains

- Recommended firewall rules to fulfill requirements of technical topics e.g., “Engineering and configuration with TIA Portal”
- Description of requirements for each example cell layout e.g., PROFI-safe



Common cell access point: Firewall

- Only access point to cell level
- Stateful Packet Inspection
- Security arises from layer 3 separation of the cells
- Increased scalability due to independent setup of the cells
- SCALANCE SC622-2C and SC626-2C appliances meet the requirements of the PROFI-safe specification

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Network security

Different focus in OT and IT



IEC 62443 is one of the leading standards for network and system security in industry!

Security risks potentially arise due to internet connectivity

Daily business!

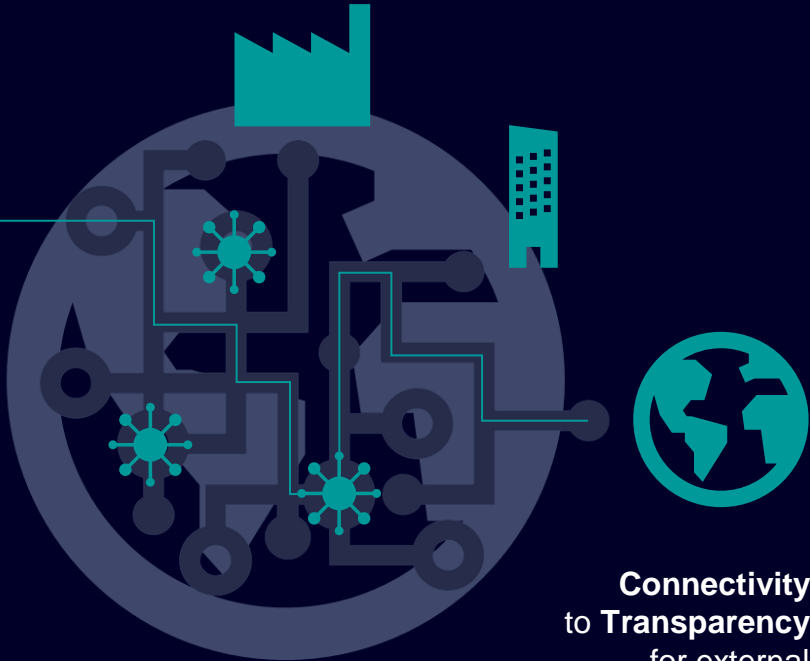
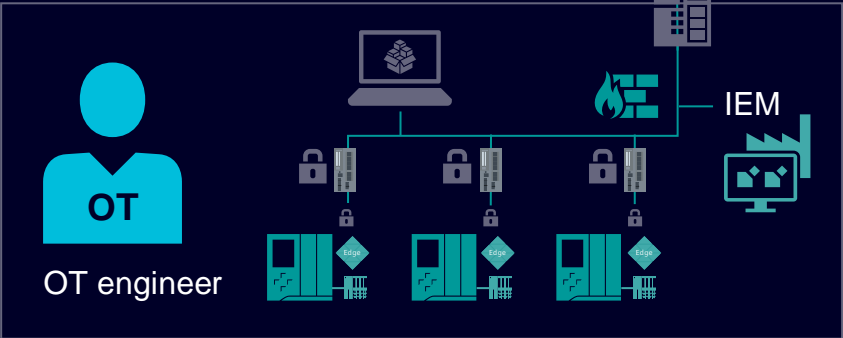
Lots of measures to avoid security threads.
→ “Just” need to extend this to shop floor



“Just” need to extend?

Never heard about:

- Firewalls
- PKI
- Proxy servers



Challenge – Comply with standards used in IT infrastructure



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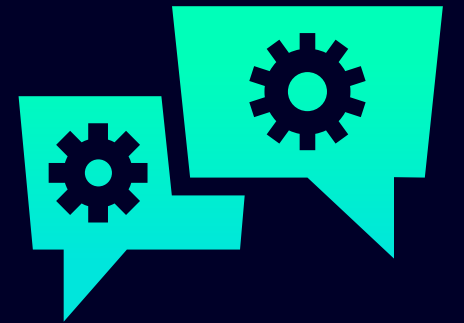
Topic – Machine to machine communication

6

Topic – Remote access (e.g., service)

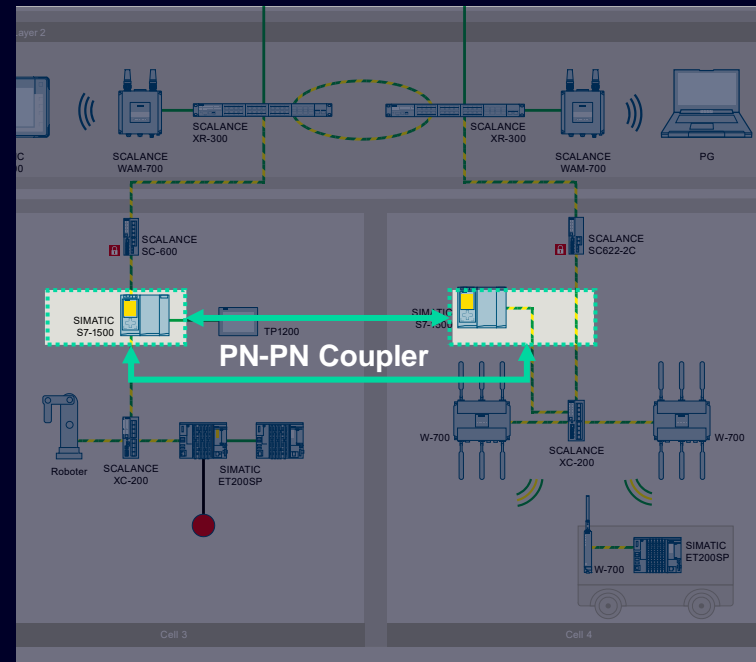
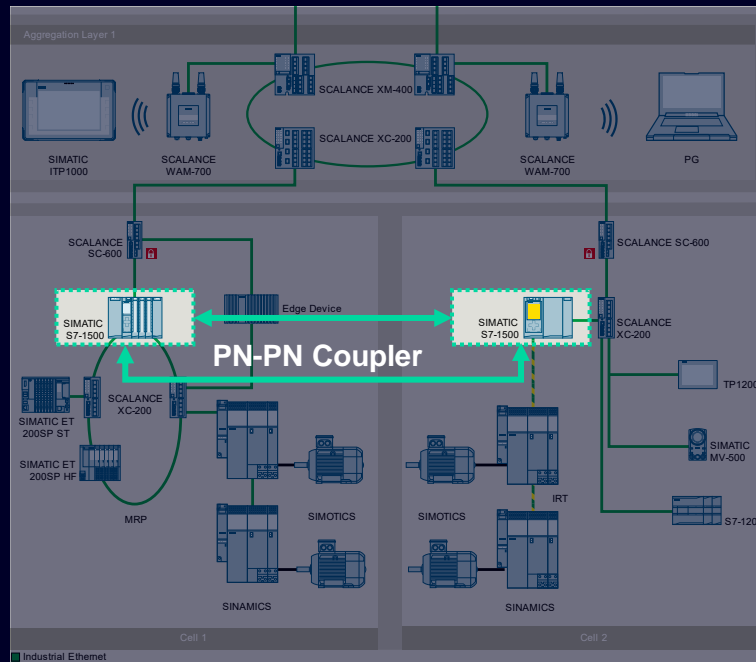


How can the **communication**
between machines to be set up
in regards of the
different requirements?



Topic – machine to machine (M2M) communication

How do cells communicate to each other?



Multiple communication methods are described through their use cases

Description of requirements for each protocol in regards of firewall rules and security conditions

Detailed description for the three recommended ways of M2M communication

Requirements on M2M communication in consideration shown use cases

General

- Routing capability
- Security mechanisms
- Realtime capability

Advanced

- Openness
- Standardization
- Safety

Topic – machine to machine (M2M) communication

Recommended machine to machine communication types

OPC UA Server/Client

> Routing capable, secure, open, standardized

Preferred solution for standardized communication

Interface modelling is possible also according to companion specifications

Consistent data transfer via Methods



PROFINET PN/PN coupler

> Realtime capable, standardized, safety capable

Designed to meet hard realtime requirements

Can be implemented as follow up measure

Dedicated device for data transfer



Flexible F-Link

> Routing capable, secure, safety-focused

Specially Designed for SAFETY requirements even over routers

Protocol can be chosen depending on the application's needs (OUC)

No additional hardware is required for SAFETY M2M communication



TCP

UDP

S7

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How can I **guarantee availability**
and **fast service** with such
a segmented network set up?



SIEMENS

On-site service

Time consuming and expensive



Machine builder

What kind of trouble?

We send someone out tomorrow. Next week he will arrive on-site.



We are having trouble with a machine

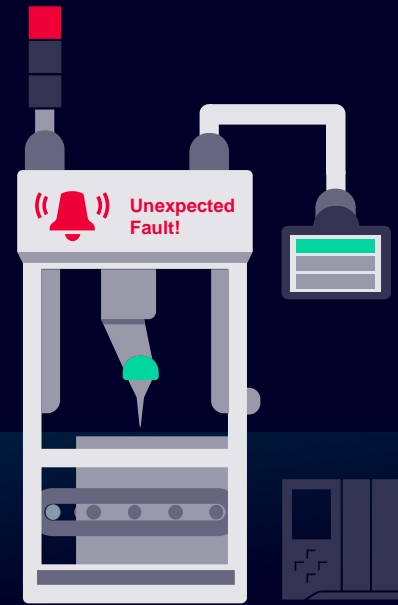
Unexpected Fault



End customer



Rescheduling necessary

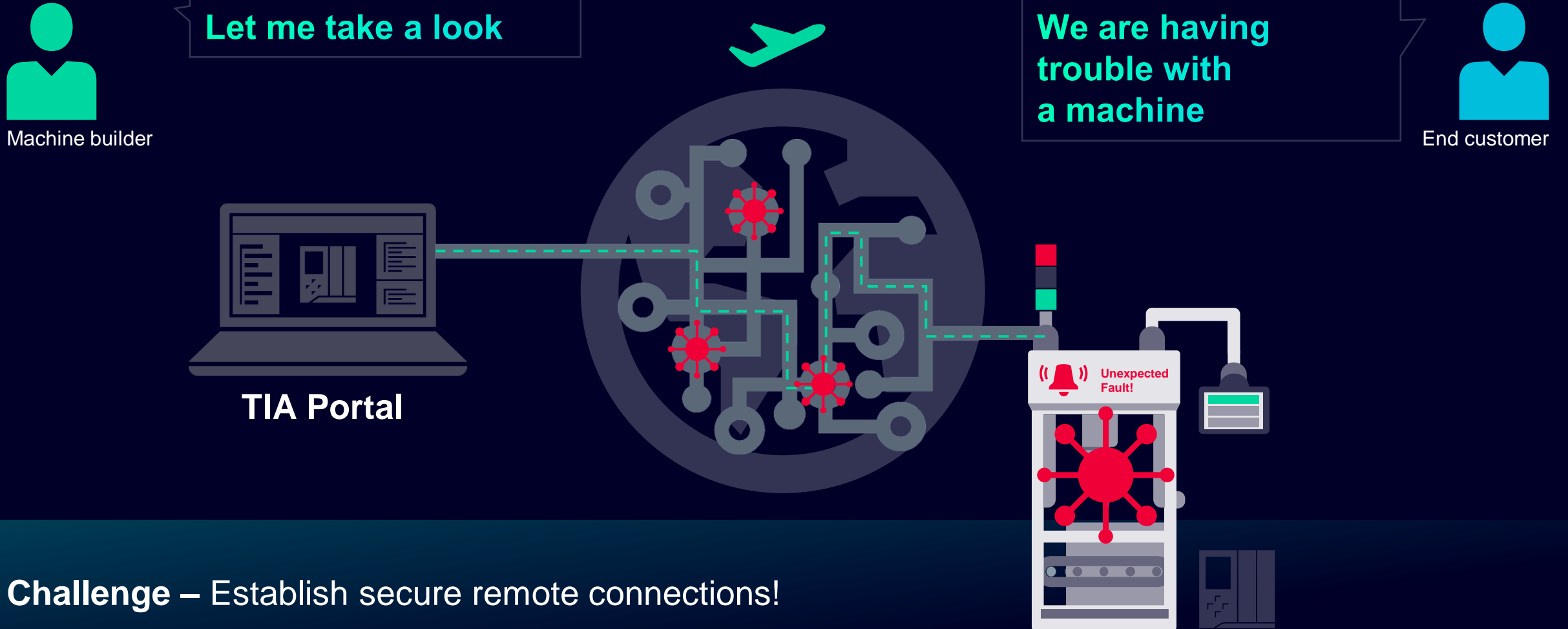


Downtime

On-site service is time consuming

Possible solution

Use internet connection to reach the machine



Challenge – Establish secure remote connections!

Remote connectivity

Risks and requirements

Risks



Easy discovery of OT equipment
e.g., by tools like “Shodan.io”



Unauthorized access



Eavesdropping and
man-in-the-middle attacks



Denial-of-service attacks

Remote access requirements



High protection necessary
with “state-of-the-art” security



Limit and manage access with efficient
user management



Optimize usability e.g., by seamless
integration in SIMATIC portfolio



Fast and easy configuration
without IT Know-how

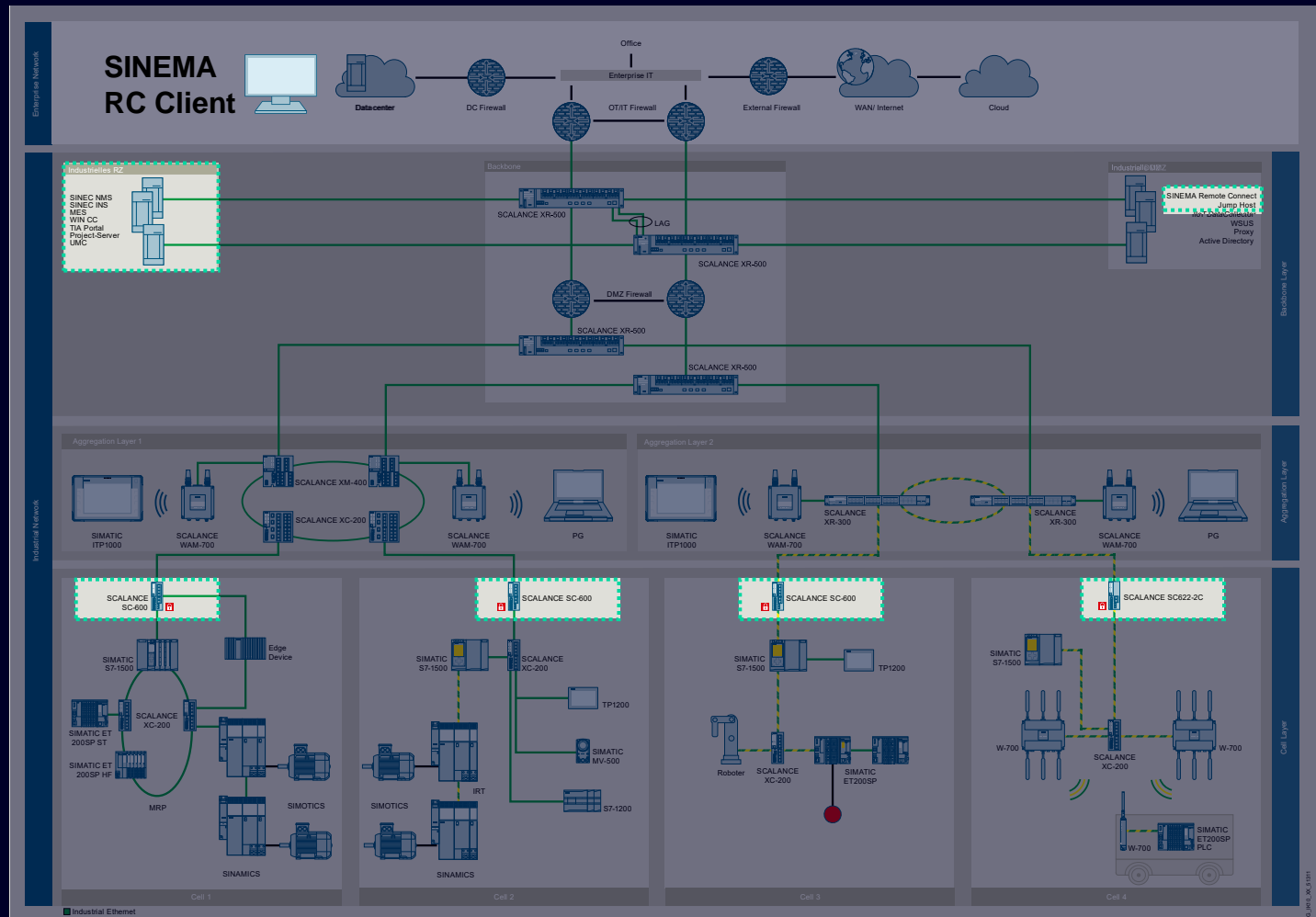
Remote service with SINEMA Remote Connect



Solution – SINEMA Remote Connect offers an easy to use and secure remote access platform

Use Case: Remote access

Overview of components inside the network concept



➤ Enterprise network

SINEMA RC Client/Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP)

➤ Industrial network – plant network

IDMZ

- SINEMA Remote Connect Server
- Jump Host (internal & external)

IDC

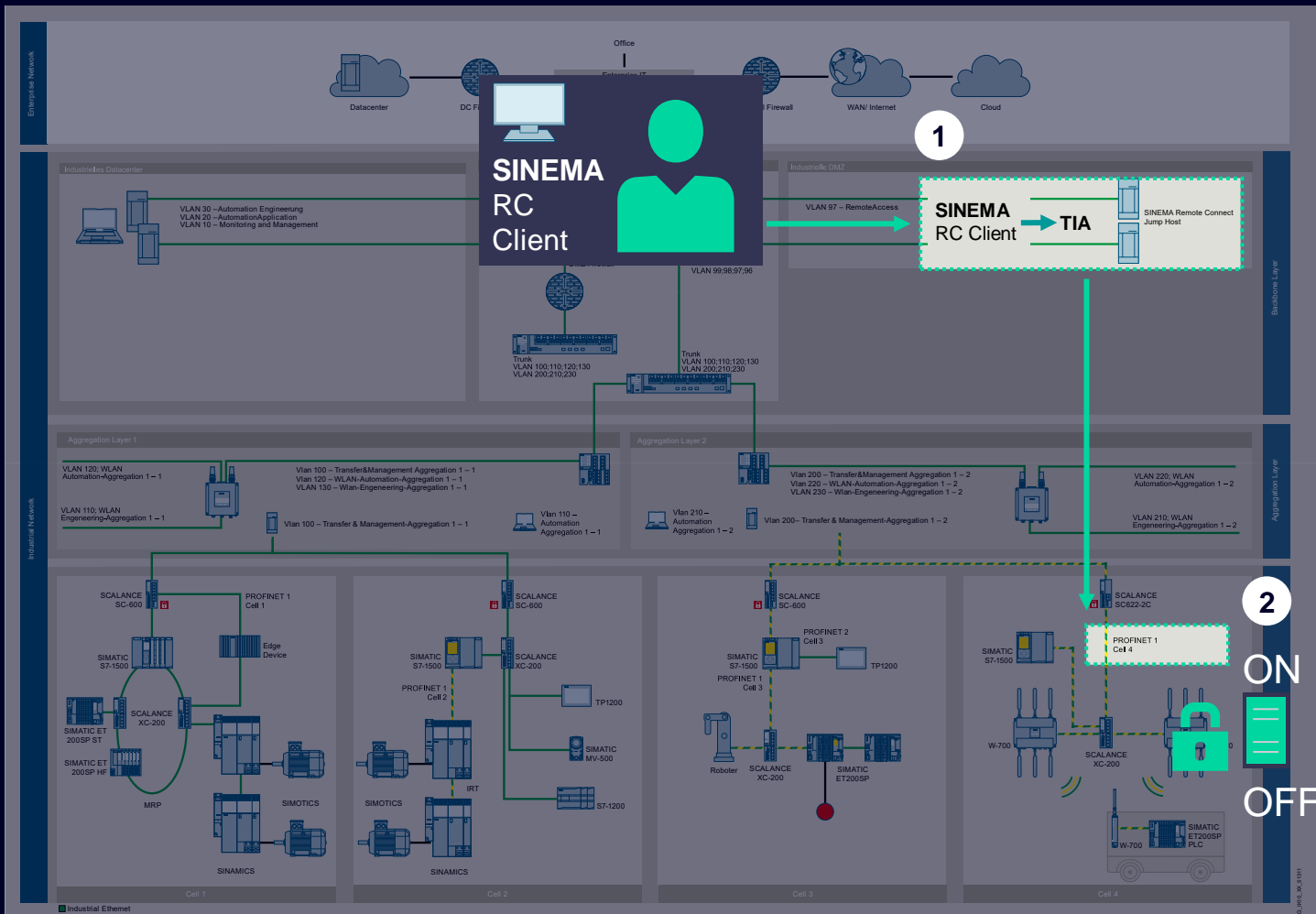
Automation & Network management Tools (e.g., TIA Portal, SINEC NMS)

➤ Cell network

SCALANCE SC-600/S615

Use Case: Remote access

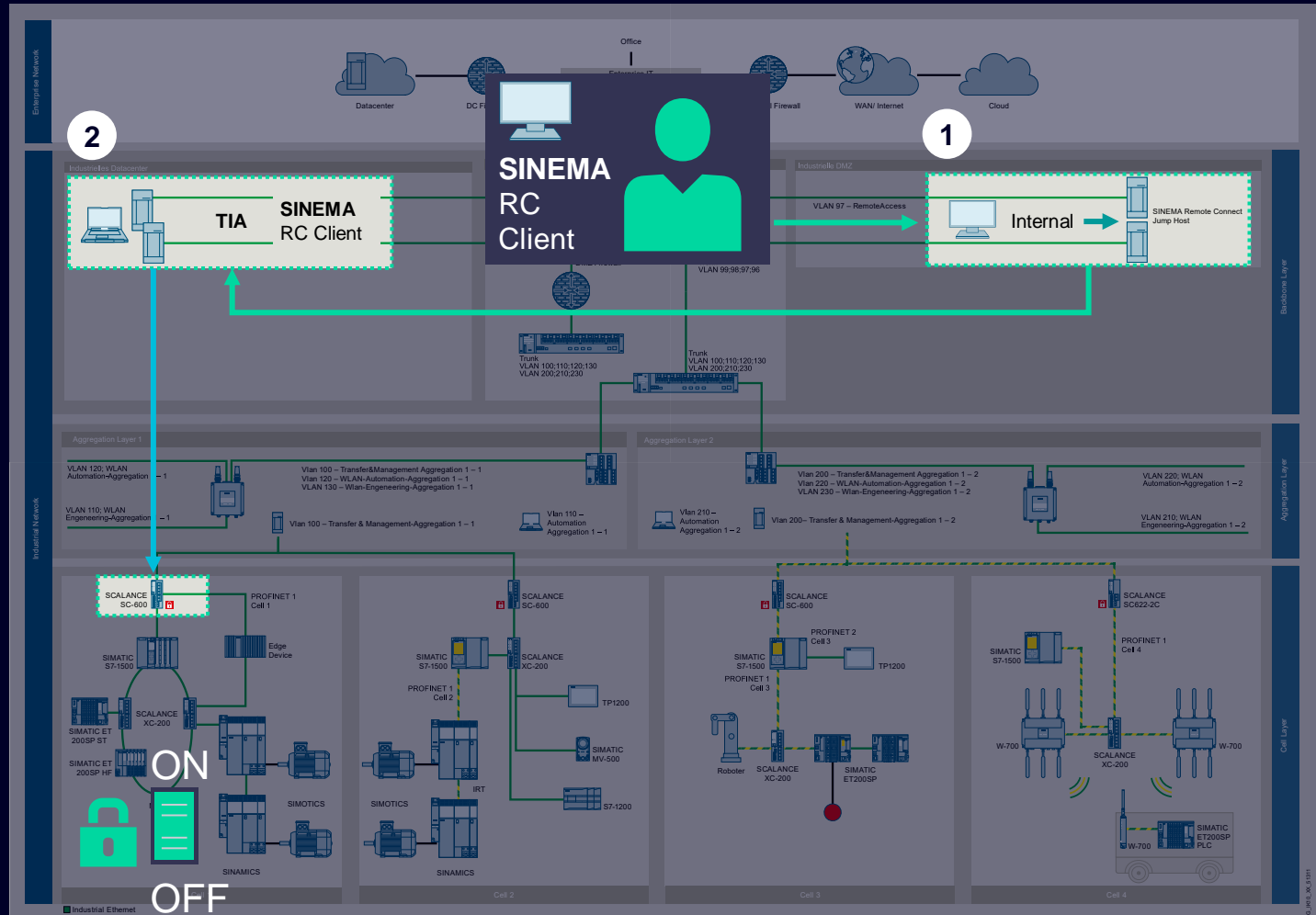
External access



- Machine manufacturer (via jump host external)
External supplier connects via internet
- 1 Connect via SINEMA RC Client to SINEMA Remote Connect Server in IDMZ, that takes care of data forwarding together with a Jump Host
- 2 Cell firewall enables connection via SINEMA Remote Connect Server via key-operated switch
- All required tasks can be fulfilled via applications installed on the PC/PG of the machine manufacturer

Use Case: Remote access

Internal access



- Service Technician (via jump host internal)
Internal employee via Internet/Enterprise network
- **1** Connect via SINEMA RC Client to SINEMA Remote Connect Server in IDMZ, that takes care of Data Forwarding together with a Jump Host
- **2** Connect to required virtual machine (VM) in the IDC
- Simple tasks (e.g., PLC-download, Webserver) without additional measures regarding security. All needed applications are hosted in IDC
- Security critical tasks have to be enabled by cell firewall SCALANCE SC-600 via key-operated switch (e.g., unauthorized access with SNMPv1)

Contact

Published by Siemens XX

First name Last name

Job title

Group/Region/Department XY

Street 123

12345 City

Country

Phone +49 123 45 67 89

Mobile +49 123 45 67 89 0

E-mail firstname.lastname@siemens.com

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